

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) Achromatic phase shift device for introducing a wavelength independent optical phase shift in a first optical beam during operation, comprising at least one dispersive element,  
the at least one dispersive element comprising  $k$  element pairs  $(55_k)$ ,  $k$  being an integer between 1 and  $M$ , each element pair being formed by respective first refractive means  $(2_k)$  and second refractive means  $(4_k)$ ,  
the respective first refractive means  $(2_k)$  having a first refractive means input plane (6) for receiving ~~the~~ a first optical beam (40) and a first refractive means output plane (8),  
the first refractive means input plane (6) and the first refractive means output plane (8) being at a predetermined angle  $\beta_k$  to each other,  $0 < \beta_k < \pi/2$ ,  
the respective second refractive means  $(4_k)$  having a second refractive means input plane (10) and a second refractive means output plane (12), said second refractive means input plane (10) being positioned equidistant to the first refractive means output plane (8) and the second refractive means output plane (12) being

positioned parallel to the first refractive means input plane (6).

2. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** the respective first refractive means ( $2_k$ ) of the  $k$  element pairs ( $55_k$ ) are positioned adjacent to each other, forming a first group, the respective first refractive means ( $2_k$ ) in the first group being in physical contact.

3. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** the respective second refractive means ( $2_k$ ) of the  $k$  element pairs ( $55_k$ ) are positioned adjacent to each other, forming a second group, the respective second refractive means ( $2_k$ ) in the second group being in physical contact.

4. (currently amended) Device according to claim 2, **characterised in that** the respective first and second refractive means ( $2_k$ ,  $4_k$ ) of the  $k$  element pairs ( $55_k$ ) are positioned symmetrically on respective sides of ~~the~~ a first element pair ( $55_0$ ).

5. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** the refractive index ( $n_k$ ) of the first refractive means ( $2_k$ ) and the second refractive means ( $4_k$ ) of a specific pair of the  $k$  element pairs ( $55_k$ ) is substantially equal.

6. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** spaces between the first refractive means

(2<sub>k</sub>) and the second refractive means (4<sub>k</sub>) of each of the k element pairs (55<sub>k</sub>) are filled with a predetermined medium having a predetermined refractive index (n<sub>0</sub>).

7. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** the device further comprises first control means for moving the first refractive means (2<sub>k</sub>) and the second refractive means (4<sub>k</sub>) of at least one of the k element pairs (55<sub>k</sub>) with respect to each other, the direction of movement being perpendicular to a line of intersection of the input surface and output surface of the first refractive means (2<sub>k</sub>).

8. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** the first and second refractive means (2<sub>k</sub>, 4<sub>k</sub>) are formed by a first and a second prism (2, 4; 3, 5), respectively.

9. (currently amended) Device according to claim 1, **characterised in that** the device (1) further comprises additional means (35, 36) of a dispersive material for applying a chromatic correction to the optical beam, in which the dispersive material has a refractive index which is different from the refractive index (n<sub>k</sub>) of the first and second refractive means (2<sub>k</sub>, 4<sub>k</sub>) of ~~the~~ a first pair (55<sub>0</sub>) and plurality of further pairs (55<sub>k</sub>).

10. (currently amended) Achromatic phase shift device for introducing a wavelength independent optical phase shift in a

first optical beam during operation, comprising at least one dispersive element,

the at least one dispersive element comprising  $k$  element pairs  $(55_k)$ ,  $k$  being an integer between 1 and  $M$ , each element pair being formed by respective first refractive means  $(2_k)$  and second refractive means  $(4_k)$ ,

the first refractive means  $(2_k)$  having a first refractive means input plane (6) for receiving ~~the~~ a first optical beam (40) and a first refractive means output plane (8), the first refractive means input plane (6) and the first refractive means output plane (8) being at a predetermined angle  $\beta_k$  to each other,  $0 < \beta_k < \pi/2$ ,

the second refractive means  $(4_k)$  having a second refractive means input plane (10) and a second refractive means output plane (12), said second refractive means input plane (10) being positioned equidistant to the first refractive means output plane (8) and the second refractive means output plane (12) being positioned parallel to the first refractive means input plane (6),

characterised in that

the device introduces a predetermined phase shift  $\psi_0$  between the first optical beam (40) and a second optical beam (41), the second optical beam (41) running substantially parallel to the first optical beam (40) over an optical path length  $w_0$ , a first optical axis (50) being defined from a device input surface (51)

to a device output surface (52), the first refractive means (2<sub>k</sub>) having a first distance d<sub>k</sub>' along the first optical axis (50) and the second refractive means having a second distance d<sub>k</sub>" along the first optical axis (50), the first optical beam (40) being at an angle θ<sub>k</sub> with the first optical axis (50) and a modified refractive index a<sub>k</sub> being defined as  $a_k = n_k \cos \theta_k$ ,

in which the sum d<sub>k</sub> of the first and second distance of the first and second refractive means (2<sub>k</sub>, 4<sub>k</sub>), respectively, and the required optical path w<sub>0</sub> are determined by

requiring constant terms and terms with λ<sup>2</sup>, λ<sup>3</sup>, ..., λ<sup>M</sup> to become zero and the term with λ to become equal to ψ<sub>0</sub>/2π in the equation for the introduced optical path length difference w<sub>d</sub>(λ) according to

$$w_d(\lambda) = -w_0 + \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \{a_{k0} + a_{k1}(\lambda - \lambda_0) + a_{k2}(\lambda - \lambda_0)^2 \dots\} d_k$$

in which a<sub>k0</sub>, a<sub>k2</sub>, ... = series expansion coefficients of the modified refractive index a<sub>k</sub>, according to

$$a_k = a_{k0} + a_{k1}(\lambda - \lambda_0) + a_{k2}(\lambda - \lambda_0)^2 \dots$$

in which λ is a wavelength of the optical beam (40) and λ<sub>0</sub> is a central wavelength of a predetermined spectral band.

11. (previously presented) Interferometer having a first input plane and a second input plane for receiving at least a first and a second optical beam and an interference plane for

letting the at least first and second optical beam interfere, a first optical path being formed from the first input plane to the interference plane and a second optical path being formed from the second input plane to the interference plane, comprising optical path delay means for introducing an optical path difference between the first optical path and the second optical path, **characterised in that** the interferometer further comprises at least one achromatic phase shift device according to claim 1, positioned in at least one of the first optical path and the second optical path.

12. (previously presented) Interferometer according to claim 11, **characterised in that** an achromatic phase shift device is positioned in each optical path.

13. (previously presented) Interferometer according to claim 11, **characterised in that** the interferometer comprises main control means for maintaining the phase shift ( $\Psi_0$ ) between the at least first and second beam at a predetermined value, the main control means being connected to the optical path delay means (26, 27), and the first control means.

14. (currently amended) Interferometer according to claim ~~[[14]]~~ 13, **characterised in that** the predetermined value is equal to  $\pi$ .